ÁREA ACADÉMICA:

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PERIODO:

AGOSTO-DICIEMBRE 2017



FUTURE TENSES

Abstarct

Future is consider as the period of time that will come after the present, or the things that will happen then.

There are different forms people can express future plans. Here you can find some of them.

KEY WORDS:

Period, After, Things, Happen, Future

FUTURE TIME: BE
GOING TO, WILL, AND
THE PRESENT
CONTINUOUS

Be Going To and the Present Continuous as Future

MEANING AND USE NOTES

Use the present continuous tense to talk about intentions or future plans.

A future time expression is usually used with the present continuous to show that the sentence refers to the future (and not something happening now).

The verbs **go**, **come**, **do**, and **have**, as well as verbs related to travel, are especially common with the present continuous as future.

Examples:

When are you coming to see me? I'm visiting Greece this summer.

My flight is arriving in the afternoon. My father **is meeting** me at the airport.

A: What are you doing tomorrow?

B: I'm having lunch with friends. Then we're going to a movie.

The present continuous often refers to more definite plans than be going to.

With **be going to**, the speaker often has not decided on the details.

Present Continuous as Future (Details Definite)

I'm taking a 3:00 flight to Chicago. In Chicago, I'm changing planes and flying on to Miami.

Be Going To (Details Not Definite)

A: I'm going to buy a car.

B: What kind are you going to get?

A: I don't know yet.

Use **be going to** for predictions (guesses about the future), especially when there is evidence that something is just about to happen.

The present continuous is not used to make predictions.

Be careful! That glass is going to fall!
It's cloudy. I think it's going to rain tonight.

X It's cloudy. I think it's raining tonight
(INCORRECT)

FUTURE TIME EXPRESSIONS

today
tonight
tomorrow
the day after tomorrow
tomorrow
morning/afternoon/nigh
t

They're arriving tomorrow.

in five minutes in a few days in a few months

He's going to call in a few hours.

this afternoon this Sunday this week this year This spring

I'm leaving this week.

next Sunday next week next August next month next year

Next week I'm visiting Ana.

the week after
next
the weekend after
next
the month after
next
the year after next

We're having a test the week after next

WILL VS. BE GOING TO

Predictions with Will and Be Going To

Use *will* or *be going to* to make predictions (guesses about the future). You can also use <u>probably</u> and other adverbs with *will* and *be going to* to express certainty.

Will

Electric cars will become popular in the next ten years. They'll probably win the championship.

Be Going To

Electric cars are going to become popular in the next ten years.

They're probably going to win the championship.

WILL VS. BE GOING TO

With predictions, the meanings of will and be going to are not exactly the same.

Use *be going to* when you are more certain that an event will happen because there is evidence. Do not use *will* in this situation.

She's going to have a baby. have a baby! (INCORRECT)

X She'll

WILL VS. BE GOING

Quick Decisions vs. Advance Plans
In statements with *I*, *will*, and *be going to* have different meanings:

will—often used to express a <u>quick decision</u> at the time of speaking (such as an offer to help).

be going to—shows that you have thought about something in advance. Do not use be going to for quick decisions.

NOW PRACTICE

https://agendaweb.org/verbs/future-simple-will-begoing-to.html

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

Recuperado de https://www.nplainfield.org